Kerbala University College of Pharmacy Dep. of Pharmaceutical Chemistry Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry IV



By:

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Rational For the Use of Prodrugs

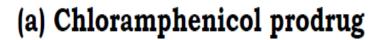
- The three major phases involved in the drug receptor interaction or biological bioavailability of drug includes:
- 1. the **pharmaceutical** phase,
- 2. the **pharmacokinetic** phase, and
- 3. pharmacodynamic phase.

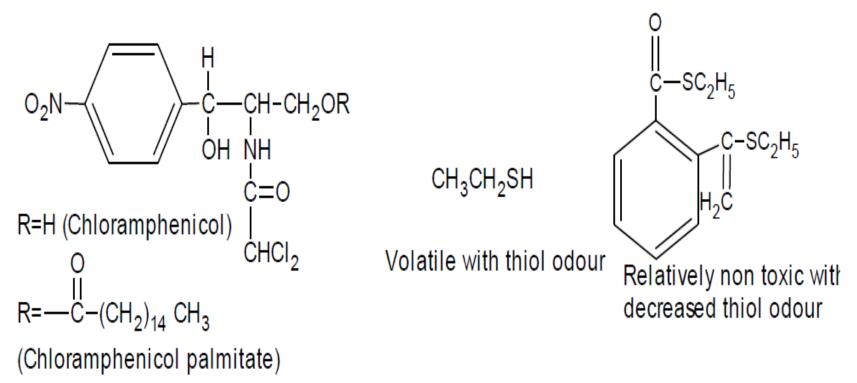
Use of Prodrugs to Overcome Pharmaceutical Barriers:

- A. Masking Taste or Odour
- **B.** Minimizing Pain at Site of Injection
- C. Alteration of Drug Solubility
- **D. Enhancement of Chemical Stability**

Masking Taste or Odour

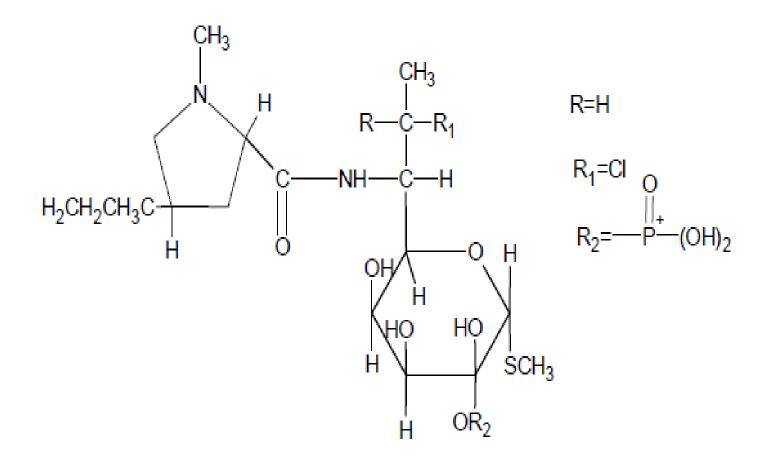
(b) Mercaptane prodrug



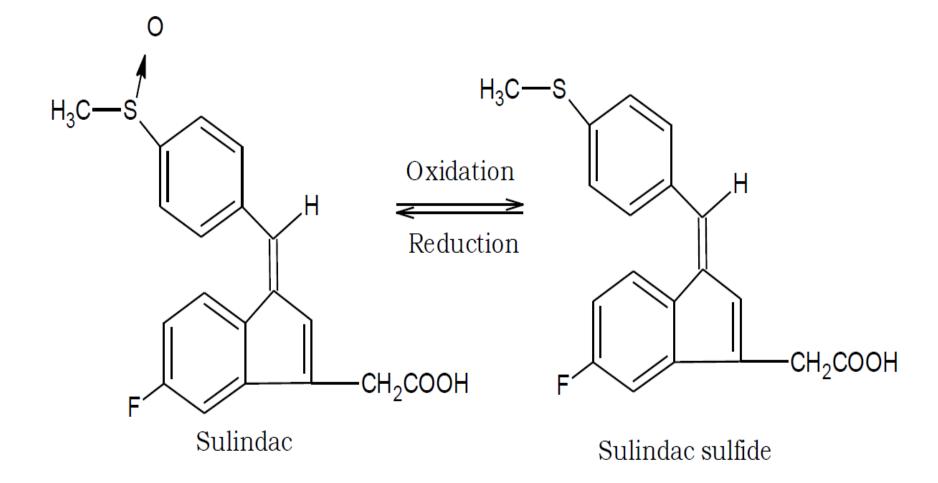


Minimizing Pain at Site of Injection

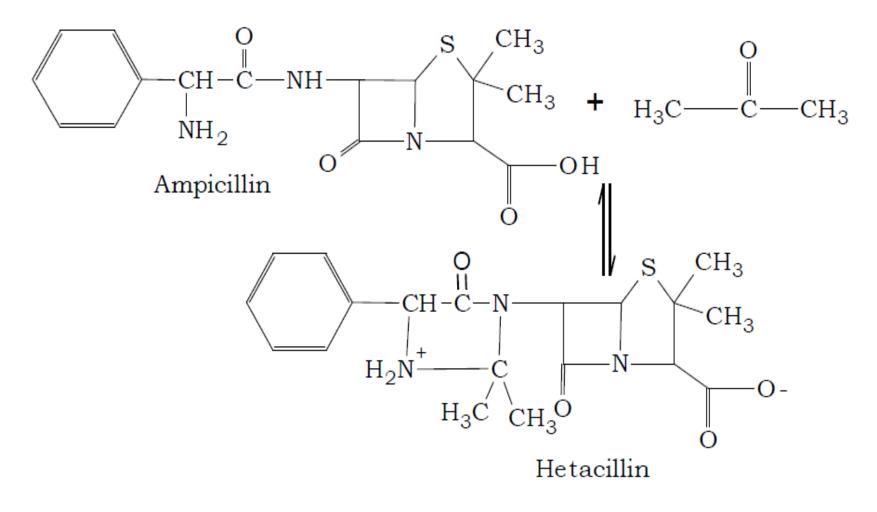
(a) Clindamycin-2 dihydrogen phosphate- prodrug of clindamycin



Alteration of Drug Solubility



Enhancement of Chemical Stability



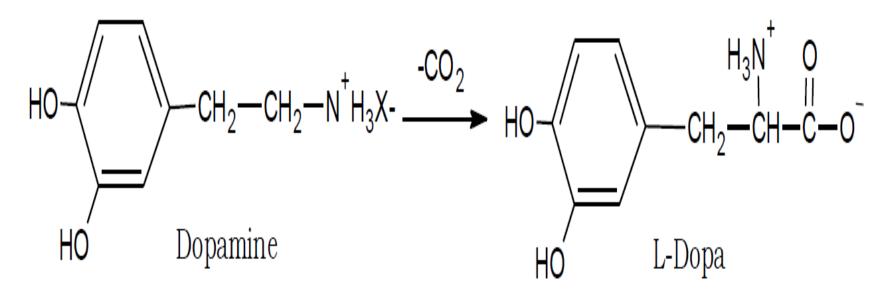
Use of Prodrugs to Overcome Pharmacokinetic Barriers

To Overcome Absorption Problems

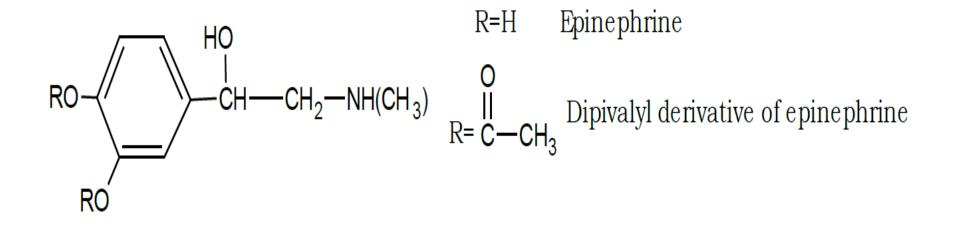
- A. Enhancement of Oral Absorption
- B. Enhancement of Ophthalmic Absorption
- C. Enhancement of Percutaneous Absorption

Enhancement of Oral Absorption

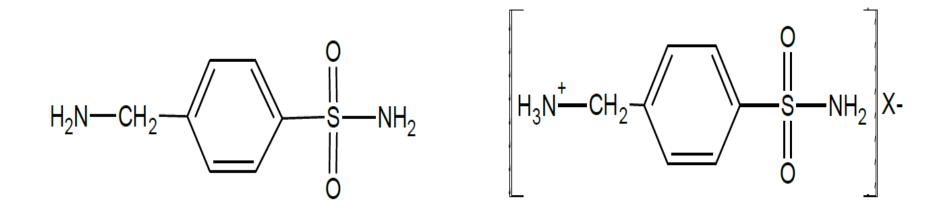
(c) Dopamine prodrug



Enhancement of Ophthalmic Absorption



Enhancement of Percutaneous Absorption



Mefenide $X^-= Cl^-$ Mefenide acid salt $X^- = CH_3COO^-$

References:

- Wilson and Gisvold Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry; Delgado JN, Remers WA, (Eds.); 12th ed., 2011.
- http://shodhganga.inflibnet.ac.in/bitstream/1 0603/3457/10/10_chapter%201.pdf

ANY QUESTION?

THANK YOU

